| Statistica Sinica Preprint No: SS-2020-0203 |  |
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| Title | Correction: Derivative principal components for <br> representing the time dynamics of longitudinal and <br> functional data |
| Manuscript ID | SS-2020-0203 |
| URL | http://www.stat.sinica.edu.tw/statistica/ |
| DOI | $10.5705 /$ ss.202020.0203 |
| Complete List of Authors | Xiongtao Dai, <br> Hans-Georg Müller and <br> Wenwen Tao |
| Corresponding Author | Xiongtao Dai |
| E-mail | xdai@iastate.edu |
| Notice: Accepted version subject to English editing. |  |

# CORRECTION: Derivative principal components for representing the time dynamics of longitudinal and functional data 

Xiongtao Dai ${ }^{1}$, Hans-Georg Müller ${ }^{2}$, and Wenwen Tao ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Iowa State University, ${ }^{2}$ University of California, Davis, and ${ }^{3}$ Quora

Abstract: We provide corrections to Dai, X., Tao, W., Müller, H.G. (2018).
Derivative principal components for representing the time dynamics of longitudinal and functional data in the rates of convergence of the local polynomial estimates for the derivative mean and covariance functions.

Key words and phrases: Derivatives, Empirical dynamics, Functional principal component analysis, Growth curves, Best linear unbiased prediction.

We are grateful to Dr. Hassan Sharghi (Shahid Beheshti University), who pointed out some errors in this paper, for which we provide corrections in the following.

The definitions of the $a_{n}$ in display (4.1)-(4.2) missed some factors $h_{\mu}$ and $h_{G}$ in the denominators. The corrected version is

$$
\begin{gather*}
a_{n 1}=h_{\mu}^{2}+\sqrt{\frac{\log (n)}{n h_{\mu}^{3}}}, \quad b_{n 1}=h_{G}^{2}+\sqrt{\frac{\log (n)}{n h_{G}^{6}}}  \tag{4.1}\\
a_{n 2}=h_{\mu}^{2}+\sqrt{\left(1+\frac{1}{m h_{\mu}}\right) \frac{\log (n)}{n h_{\mu}^{2}}}, \quad b_{n 2}=h_{G}^{2}+\left(1+\frac{1}{m h_{G}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{\log (n)}{n h_{G}^{4}}} . \tag{4.2}
\end{gather*}
$$

As a consequence, conditions (A5) and (A7) need to be changed to
(A5) $h_{\mu} \rightarrow 0$ and $\log (n) \sum_{i=1}^{n} N_{i} w_{i}^{2} / h_{\mu}^{3} \rightarrow 0, \log (n) \sum_{i=1}^{n} N_{i}\left(N_{i}-1\right) w_{i}^{2} / h_{\mu}^{2} \rightarrow 0$.
(A7) $h_{G} \rightarrow 0, \log (n) \sum_{i=1}^{n} N_{i}\left(N_{i}-1\right) v_{i}^{2} / h_{G}^{6} \rightarrow 0, \log (n) \sum_{i=1}^{n} N_{i}\left(N_{i}-1\right)\left(N_{i}-\right.$

$$
\text { 2) }\left(N_{i}-3\right) v_{i}^{2} / h_{G}^{4} \rightarrow 0 .
$$

In the first paragraph after Theorem 1, the optimal rate of convergence for $\hat{G}^{(1,1)}$ and $\hat{\phi}_{k, 1}$ should be $O\left((\log (n) / n)^{1 / 5}\right)$ almost surely, achieved for example if $h_{\mu} \asymp(\log (n) / n)^{1 / 7}, h_{G} \asymp(\log (n) / n)^{1 / 10}, \alpha>14 / 5$, and $\beta>10 / 3$ as in (A6) and (A8). In the dense case, root- $n$ rate can no longer be achieved because of the variance term $b_{n 2}$.

In the proof of Theorem 1, for $h_{\mu} \hat{\mu}^{(1)}(t)=h_{\mu} \hat{\alpha}_{1}=|\mathbf{S}|^{-1}\left(C_{12} R_{0}+C_{22} R_{1}+\right.$ $C_{32} R_{2}$ ), the cofactors of $[\mathbf{S}]_{1,2},[\mathbf{S}]_{2,2}$, and $[\mathbf{S}]_{3,2}$ should instead be defined as

$$
C_{12}=-\left|\begin{array}{cc}
S_{1} & S_{3} \\
S_{2} & S_{4}
\end{array}\right|, \quad C_{22}=\left|\begin{array}{cc}
S_{0} & S_{2} \\
S_{2} & S_{4}
\end{array}\right|, \quad C_{23}=-\left|\begin{array}{ll}
S_{0} & S_{2} \\
S_{1} & S_{3}
\end{array}\right|
$$

respectively. The second order terms in the Taylor expansion of $h_{\mu}\left(\hat{\alpha}_{1}-\mu^{(1)}(t)\right)$ should be divided by an additional factor of 2 . The asymptotic variance terms in the last equation on page 1604 and the first display on page 1605 should be divided by an additional factor of $h_{\mu}$.

Department of Statistics, Iowa State University, Ames, IA 50011 USA

E-mail: xdai@iastate.edu

Department of Statistics, University of California, Davis, CA 95616 USA

E-mail: hgmueller@ucdavis.edu

Quora, Mountain View, CA 94041 USA

E-mail: wenwen@quora.com

